

Dr. Catherine Mitchell
**Bigelow Laboratory Scientist
and Project Co-lead**



1
00:00:03,669 --> 00:00:01,829

[Music]

2
00:00:05,910 --> 00:00:03,679

there's a body of water in the north

3
00:00:08,950 --> 00:00:05,920

atlantic ocean that's among the fastest

4
00:00:11,270 --> 00:00:08,960

warming regions on the entire planet

5
00:00:13,669 --> 00:00:11,280

a recent nasa-funded study links this

6
00:00:15,589 --> 00:00:13,679

sharply accelerating warming event with

7
00:00:20,070 --> 00:00:15,599

concerning impacts on new england's

8
00:00:25,189 --> 00:00:22,390

researchers at bigelow laboratory for

9
00:00:27,429 --> 00:00:25,199

ocean sciences collect data out at sea

10
00:00:28,550 --> 00:00:27,439

using a surprisingly cost effective

11
00:00:30,870 --> 00:00:28,560

method

12
00:00:33,590 --> 00:00:30,880

the ferry between portland maine and

13
00:00:35,670 --> 00:00:33,600

yarmouth nova scotia

14

00:00:38,549 --> 00:00:35,680

they're collecting data on temperature

15

00:00:40,869 --> 00:00:38,559

salinity optical chemical and biological

16

00:00:44,470 --> 00:00:40,879

observations that can give insight into

17

00:00:46,310 --> 00:00:44,480

how fast the gulf is changing

18

00:00:48,630 --> 00:00:46,320

the team has been taking the pulse of

19

00:00:50,630 --> 00:00:48,640

the gulf for 23 years

20

00:00:54,389 --> 00:00:50,640

a long-term data set that's called the

21

00:00:55,590 --> 00:00:54,399

gulf of maine north atlantic time series

22

00:00:56,869 --> 00:00:55,600

you need

23

00:00:59,670 --> 00:00:56,879

that

24

00:01:03,029 --> 00:00:59,680

longer time period to really get a sense

25

00:01:05,189 --> 00:01:03,039

of any change that might be happening

26
00:01:08,230 --> 00:01:05,199
the team also uses autonomous gliders

27
00:01:10,550 --> 00:01:08,240
that cross the same sampling line

28
00:01:12,070 --> 00:01:10,560
like the ferry and research cruise data

29
00:01:14,149 --> 00:01:12,080
the gliders collect temperature

30
00:01:17,990 --> 00:01:14,159
measurements at the surface and right

31
00:01:22,710 --> 00:01:20,870
so what does a warmer saltier gulf of

32
00:01:24,710 --> 00:01:22,720
maine mean

33
00:01:26,870 --> 00:01:24,720
there's a lot of implications here but

34
00:01:29,109 --> 00:01:26,880
one of the biggest is the effect it has

35
00:01:31,429 --> 00:01:29,119
on phytoplankton

36
00:01:34,230 --> 00:01:31,439
results show that phytoplankton are at

37
00:01:35,990 --> 00:01:34,240
least 65 percent less productive than

38
00:01:37,030 --> 00:01:36,000

they were before this major warming

39

00:01:39,030 --> 00:01:37,040

event

40

00:01:41,830 --> 00:01:39,040

this could have serious implications for

41

00:01:43,429 --> 00:01:41,840

local fisheries including lobster you

42

00:01:44,950 --> 00:01:43,439

know the gulf of maine is this big

43

00:01:47,590 --> 00:01:44,960

resource for

44

00:01:50,230 --> 00:01:47,600

the economy of maine so understanding

45

00:01:52,310 --> 00:01:50,240

what those changes are is what's

46

00:01:53,990 --> 00:01:52,320

really important

47

00:01:56,630 --> 00:01:54,000

anticipating disruptions to

48

00:01:59,030 --> 00:01:56,640

phytoplankton productivity is critical